Did you know?

- Computer software violations are a felony and Missouri educators will lose their certificate if convicted of a felony.
- **No** videotape may be used for entertainment, reward, or time-fillers without obtaining public performance rights.
- "Bounty-hunters" are hired by some companies to identify and report violators of copyright law and guidelines.



- Information found on the Internet is copyrighted unless accompanied by a message explicitly permitting duplication.
- Copying for the purpose of teaching is not **automatically** legal.
- Technology allows easy duplication but does not necessarily make the duplication legal. In other words, just because you can does not mean you may.

Types of Infringement

- innocent = an educator has made every effort to comply with copyright law by following guidelines but unknowingly overlooked something.
- **standard** = an educator makes no effort to become informed about or comply with copyright law and guidelines.
- willful = an educator is aware of but chooses to disregard copyright law and guidelines.



Infringement Discovery

- Some companies require sales representatives to report observed copyright infringements.
- Discovery of infringements can be as simple as a parent or school visitor noticing a violation in a school publication or at a school event and reporting the discovery.

Infringement Penalties

- \$500 to \$20,000 per work infringed upon.
- Up to \$100,000 in cases of willful infringement.
- \$20,000 per violation per day in cases of computer software. Computer software violations are a felony and Missouri educators will lose their certificate if convicted of a felony.



Infringement Law Suit

- The person who violates the law is the primary offender.
- The board of education, superintendent, curriculum director, principal, etc. can be sued.
- Secondary offenders having knowledge of the infringement (contributory and / or vicarious infringers).

Suggested Steps for Implementation of District Copyright Policy and Guidelines

- Develop a complete copyright policy to be approved by the local board of education.
- Establish district guidelines and procedures for the use of copyrighted materials.
- Organize staff development sessions to address copyright law and guidelines and the importance of compliance in the district for all staff members.
- Establish procedures and conduct training for students in the use of copyrighted materials which may be incorporated into their presentations and / or portfolios.
- Identify an administrator at both the district and building level to monitor compliance with copyright law and guidelines. The monitor should **not** be a member of the building teaching staff as this creates a 'watchdog' situation and most likely, an adversarial rather than a collaborative atmosphere.

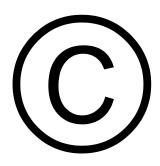
For more information contact

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Unlimited copies may be made by schools in the state of Missouri. Brochures are available on the Internet. dese.mo.gov/divimprove/curriculum/copyright /index.htm

Schools and Copyright

What do
Superintendents
need to know
to protect
their districts from
copyright violations?



Ignoring this symbol could lead to ugly publicity, extensive litigation, and stiff financial penalties.